The presence of metal projectile points, a metal file, a brass button, a glass bead, and Blackfoot of Southern Alberta (see Figure One). The subsequent adoption of European technologies would have greatly influenced Native material culture in these sites. Both have butchery marks attributable to metal/copper implements and elements mixed in with the bone bed indicates a horse probably snapped its elements. Interestingly, the seemingly random distribution of bone elements mixed in with the bone bed indicates many larger meat cuts were articulated and the bone bed indicates many larger meat cuts were cut away quickly. The highly fragmented and pulverized bones found at EgPn-430 Area Six indicate this last kill event dates to ca. 1830 +/- 10 (see Plates Four and Ten)